

**Transfection into Mouse-Rat: BRAIN-TISSUE by Electroporation**

The NEPA21 is the only device on the market to approach Electroporation from the perspective of optimising delivered energy.

- Compared to devices from other suppliers, the NEPA21 system offers the researcher a level of previously unavailable control over energy delivery to the electroporation target. This control is generated via unique electroporation pulse-output configurations, client-confirmed protocols and application-customised electrodes.
- With this market-leading control and (user-independent) reproducibility of the technique, it is now possible to apply electroporation techniques to applications previously considered too sensitive for electroporation methodologies.
- The finer control over the delivered energy offers specific and important advantages for BRAIN - TISSUE electroporation. As the thrust of NEPA21 protocols is to minimise delivered energy, this means that the targets are electroporated with less current (than competing device protocols).
- Only delivering the required energy (and no more) to porate the membrane is of utmost importance for viability post electroporation.
- The success of the NEPA21 for retina electroporation is evident by the Application and Publication information following.
- The NEPA21 system is supported by a suite of over 250 different electrode configurations, which further enhance the applicability of the system and empower researchers with further experimental options and opportunities.

**APPLICATIONS**

**Transfection into Mouse-Rat: BRAIN-TISSUE by Electroporation**

*Electroporation-mediated gene transfer in the adult rat brain*

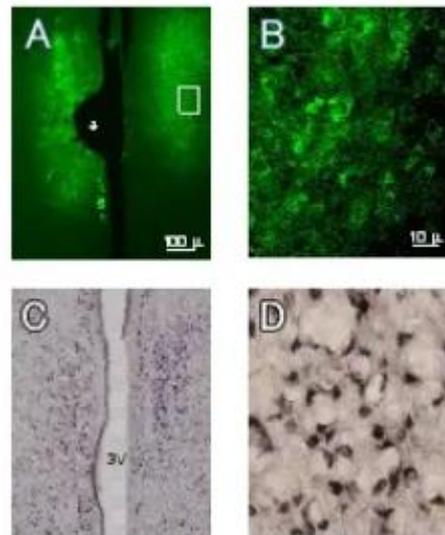
Figure A: EGFP expression in the medial preoptic nuclei of a female rat examined 4 days after bilateral electroporation at 10 weeks of age. (An asterisk indicates the trace of the positioning of the electrode)

Figure B: EGFP-positive cells (high magnification of Fig. A using a 60x objective lens). EGFP fluorescent signals are observed in the perikarya.

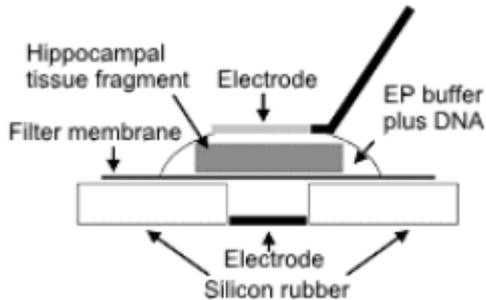
Figure C: Estrogen receptor  $\alpha$  immunoreactivity in the medial preoptic nuclei and the periventricular nuclei of an adult female rat. 3V: third ventricle.

Figure D: Estrogen receptor  $\alpha$ -positive cells (high magnification of Fig. C using a 60x objective lens). Estrogen receptor immunoreactivity is prominent in the nuclei.

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*Electroporation-mediated gene transfer system applied to cultured CNS neurons*



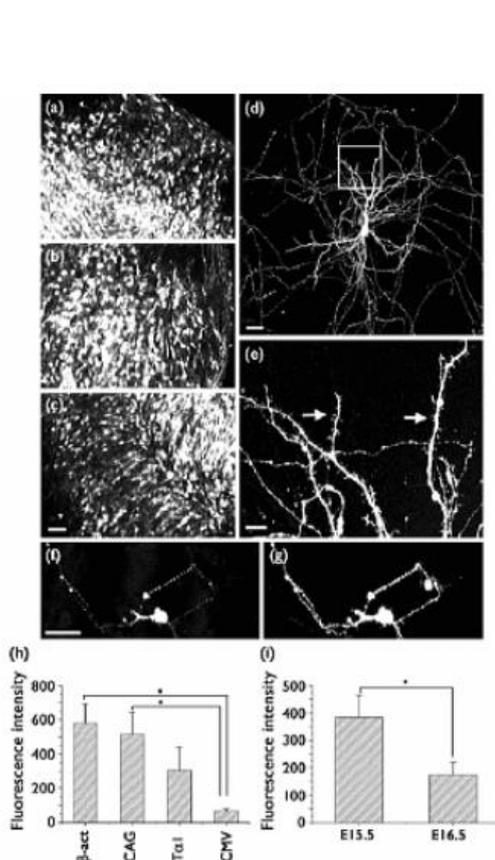
**Schematic representation of an electroporation set-up.**

A fragment of the mouse embryonic hippocampus was placed on a Millipore membrane filter and 5 $\mu$ l EP buffer containing 1mg/ml of plasmid DNA was applied onto the tissue.

A tungsten needle was attached to the surface of a droplet.

After application of square pulses the tissue fragment was returned to a petri dish containing ice-cold HBSS solution.

*Electroporation-mediated expression of fluorescent proteins in hippocampal neurons*



(a-c) Organ culture of hippocampal tissue fragments three days after electroporation with CAG-eGFP expression constructs. (a) Ta1X4-eGFP, (b) b-actin-eGFP, (c) expression constructs.

(d,e) A mature hippocampal neuron maintained 14 days in dissociated culture after electroporation of a-actin-eGFP expression construct. Higher magnification view of the region marked by a rectangle in (d) reveals dendritic spines on the surface of dendritic shafts (arrows in e).

(f,g) A hippocampal neuron 7 days after electroporation of 1:1 mixture of Ta1X4-eGFP and Ta1X4-mRFP1. Both eGFP fluorescence (f) and mRFP1 fluorescence (g) can be observed in a single cell.

(h) Relative fluorescence intensity of hippocampal tissue fragments after electroporation of eGFP-expression plasmids with four different promoter sequences. The tissue fragments were maintained in culture for 4 days, fixed and observed under a confocal microscope. Fluorescence intensities per unit area of the tissue fragments were determined.

(i) Relative fluorescence intensity of hippocampal tissue fragments isolated at two different developmental stages and electroporated with b-actin-eGFP. Tissue fragments were maintained for 4 days in culture and subsequently fixed. Fluorescence intensities were measured using a confocal microscope.

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\*Neuroreport, Volume 15, Issue 6, Pages 971-975, April 29, 2004

**PUBLICATIONS****Transfection into Mouse-Rat: BRAIN-TISSUE by Electroporation****Cerebellum lobe culture / P5\_mice****Nesprin-2 coordinates opposing microtubule motors during nuclear migration in neurons**

Zhou, C., Wu, Y. K., Ishidate, F., Fujiwara, T. K., Kengaku, M.

J Cell Biol. 2024 Nov 4;223(11):e202405032.

**P0\_mouse\_brains / Forebrain****Genome editing of Nf1, Pten, and Trp53 in neonatal mice induces glioblastomas positive for oligodendrocyte lineage transcription factor 2**

Yamamoto H, Yamamura K, Nagasaki H, Suzuki T, Ninomiya F, Matsubara K, Harada N, Ohkubo S.

J Toxicol Pathol. 2021 Oct;34(4):359-365.

**P2\_mouse\_brains / P21\_mouse\_brains****Primary cilium-dependent cAMP/PKA signaling at the centrosome regulates neuronal migration**

Stoufflet J, Chaulet M, Doulazmi M, Fouquet C, Dubacq C, Métin C, Schneider-Maunoury S, Trembleau A, Vincent P, Caillé I.

Sci Adv. 2020 Sep 2;6(36):eaba3992.

**P0\_mouse\_brains****Rho Family GTPases, Rac and Cdc42, Control the Localization of Neonatal Dentate Granule Cells During Brain Development**

Ito H, Morishita R, Mizuno M, Tabata H, Nagata KI.

Hippocampus. 2019 Jul;29(7):569-578.

**P2\_Mouse\_brains****A dual role for the transcription factor Sp8 in postnatal neurogenesis**

Gaborieau E, Hurtado-Chong A, Fernández M, Azim K, Raineteau O.

Sci Rep. 2018 Sep 28;8(1):14560.

**Organotypic brains slices / E15.5****Precise Somatotopic Thalamocortical Axon Guidance Depends on LPA-Mediated PRG-2/Radixin Signaling**

Cheng J, Sahani S, Hausrat TJ, Yang JW, Ji H, Schmarowski N, Endle H, Liu X, Li Y, Böttche R, Radyushkin K, Maric HM, Hoerder-Suabedissen A, Molnár Z, Prouvot PH, Trimbuch T, Ninnemann O, Huai J, Fan W, Visentin B, Sabbadini R, Strømgaard K, Stroh A, Luhmann HJ, Kneussel M, Nitsch R, Vogt J.

Neuron. 2016 Oct 5;92(1):126-142.

**Cortical slices / P0\_hamster\_brains****Cortical excitatory neurons become protected from cell division during neurogenesis in an Rb family-dependent manner.**

Oshikawa M, Okada K, Nakajima K, Ajioka I.

Development. 2013 Jun;140(11):2310-20.

**Cortical slices****Wnt/calcium signaling mediates axon growth and guidance in the developing corpus callosum.**

Hutchins BI, Li L, Kalil K.

Dev Neurobiol. 2011 Apr;71(4):269-83.

**New born mouse brain****Cellular Mechanisms Underlying Morphine Analgesic Tolerance and Hyperalgesia**

Hiroshi Ueda

Opioid-Induced Hyperalgesia, First, Pages 9-20, October 2009

**P0\_P4\_mouse\_brains****Efficient In Vivo Electroporation of the Postnatal Rodent Forebrain**

Boutin C, Diestel S, Desoeuvre A, Tiveron MC, Cremer H.

PLoS One. 2008 Apr 2;3(4):e1883.

**New born brains****Plexin-A2 and its ligand, Sema6A, control nucleus-centrosome coupling in migrating granule cells**

Renaud J, Kerjan G, Sumita I, Zagar Y, Georget V, Kim D, Fouquet C, Suda K, Sanbo M, Suto F, Ackerman SL, Mitchell KJ, Fujisawa H, Chédotal A.

Nat Neurosci. 2008 Apr;11(4):440-9.

**Adult Mouse brains****Genetic manipulation of adult mouse neurogenic niches by in vivo electroporation**

Barnabé-Heider F, Meletis K, Eriksson M, Bergmann O, Sabelström H, Harvey MA, Mikkers H, Frisé J.

Nat Methods. 2008 Feb;5(2):189-96.

**P8 mouse brain****Microtubule-based nuclear movement occurs independently of centrosome positioning in migrating neurons**

Umeshima H, Hirano T, Kengaku M.

Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A . 2007 Oct 9;104(41):16182-7.

**Cerebellar slices****Homer proteins control neuronal differentiation through IP(3) receptor signaling.**

Tanaka M, Duncan RS, McClung N, Yannazzo JA, Hwang SY, Marunouchi T, Inokuchi K, Koulen P.

FEBS Lett. 2006 Nov 13;580(26):6145-50.

**Cultured telencephalic hemisphere****The Caudal Migratory Stream: A Novel Migratory Stream of Interneurons Derived from the Caudal Ganglionic Eminence in the Developing Mouse Forebrain**

Yozu M, Tabata H, Nakajima K.

J Neurosci. 2005 Aug 3;25(31):7268-77.

**Embryo / Hippocampus****Electroporation-mediated gene transfer system applied to cultured CNS neurons**

Kawabata I, Umeda T, Yamamoto K, Okabe S.

Neuroreport . 2004 Apr 29;15(6):971-5.

**Adult mouse brains****Locus-Specific Rescue of GluR1 NMDA Receptors in Mutant Mice Identifies the Brain Regions Important for Morphine Tolerance and Dependence**

Inoue M, Mishina M, Ueda H.

J Neurosci. 2003 Jul 23;23(16):6529-36.

Adult rat brains

**Up-regulation of Protein-disulfide Isomerase in Response to Hypoxia/Brain Ischemia and Its Protective Effect against Apoptotic Cell Death**

Tanaka S, Uehara T, Nomura Y.

J Biol Chem. 2000 Apr 7;275(14):10388-93.